



70-699

(Windows Server 2003, MCSA Security Specialization Skills Update)

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Question: 1

You are the network administrator for your company. The network consists of a single Active Directory domain. All servers run Windows Server 2003. All client computers run Windows XP Professional. The network contains a domain controller named DC1. You create a preconfigured user profile on a client computer named Computer1. You need to ensure that all users receive the preconfigured user profile when they log on to the network for the first time. All users must still be able to personalize their desktop environments. What should you do?

- A. From Computer1, copy the user profile to \\DC1\netlogon\Default User.
- B. From Computer1, copy the user profile to \\DC1\netlogon\Default User. Change the User Profile path for all users in Active Directory to \\DC1\netlogon\Default User.
- C. On Computer1, copy the user profile to the C:\Documents and Setting\Default User folder. Share the Default User profile on the network.
- D. Create a Folder Redirection policy in Active Directory.

Answer: A

Question: 2

Your network consists of an Active Directory domain. All client computers run Windows Vista. All user accounts have roaming user profiles. You have 10 kiosk computers. The kiosk computer accounts are in an organizational unit (OU) named KioskOU. You need to ensure that all users who log on to the kiosk computer have the same user profile. The solution must ensure that users receive their personalized user profiles when they log on to all computers except the kiosk computers. What should you do?

- A. Modify the profile path settings on the user accounts.
- B. Modify the home directory settings on the user accounts.
- C. Modify the user profile settings by using a Group Policy object (GPO).
- D. Rename %systemdrive%\users\default\ as %systemdrive%\users\default.man on the kiosk computers.

Answer: C

Question: 3

Your network consists of an Active Directory domain. You have an organizational unit (OU) named KioskOU and an OU named StaffOU. All user accounts are located in the StaffOU. All user accounts are configured to use roaming profiles. You have a computer named Kiosk1 that runs Windows XP. Kiosk1 is located in KioskOU. You need to prevent user profiles from being stored on Kiosk1. The solution must ensure that users can access their roaming profiles on other computers. What should you do next?

- A. Link a Group Policy object (GPO) to StaffOU. Enable Limit profile size and set it to 0 KB.
- B. Link a Group Policy object (GPO) to KioskOU. Enable Limit profile size and set it to 0 KB.
- C. Link a Group Policy object (GPO) to StaffOU. Enable Delete cached copies of roaming profiles.
- D. Link a Group Policy object (GPO) to KioskOU. Enable Delete cached copies of roaming profiles.

Answer: D

Question: 4

You are the network administrator for your company. The network consists of a single Active Directory domain. All client computers run Windows XP Professional. The finance department uses a specific naming process to audit users and their computers. The process requires that each user's client computer has an account in Active Directory created by the IT Department and that each client computer name corresponds to a specific user account. A user named Maria is a member of only the Domain Users security group. She reports that the hardware on her computer fails. She receives a new computer. You need to add Maria's new computer to the domain. You need to comply with the finance department naming process. What should you do?

- A. Instruct Maria to run the ipconfig /flushdns command on her new computer and to add the new computer to the domain by using the same computer name as her failed computer.
- B. Assign Maria permissions for adding computer accounts to the default container named Computers. Instruct Maria to add her new computer to the domain.
- C. Reset the computer account for Maria's failed computer. Instruct Maria to add her new computer to the domain by using the same name as her failed computer.
- D. Configure the IP address of Maria's new computer to be the same as the failed computer. Instruct Maria to add the new computer to the domain.

Answer: C

Question: 5

Your network consists of a single Active Directory domain. All servers run Windows Server 2003 Service Pack 2 (SP2). The domain contains a member server named Server1. Server1 is a file server. You accidentally delete the computer account for Server1 from the domain. You need to ensure that users can access the file shares on Server1 by using their domain user accounts. You must achieve this goal by using the minimum amount of administrative effort. What should you do?

- A. On Server1, run the Netdom reset command.
- B. On Server1, add the computer to a workgroup and then add the computer to the domain. Restart Server1.
- C. From Active Directory Users and Computers, create a new computer account named Server1 in the domain. Restart Server1.
- D. On a domain controller, perform an authoritative restore in Active Directory for the Server1 computer account. Restart Server1.

Answer: B

Question: 6

Your network consists of a single Active Directory domain. You install a new backup program. The backup program requires a service account. You create a service account in the domain. You need to ensure that the service account can back up all member servers and client computers in the domain. You must ensure that the service account cannot be used to restore files and folders. What should you do?

- A. Add the service account to the domain Backup Operators group.
- B. Add the service account to the Backup Operators group on every server and every client computer.
- C. Assign the Backup files and directories user right by using a Group Policy object (GPO).
- D. Assign the Impersonate a client after authentication user right by using a Group Policy object (GPO).

Answer: C

Question: 7

Your network consists of an Active Directory domain. You attempt to log on to a computer that runs Windows XP and receive the following error message. You log on to the computer by using a local user account and verify that you can establish connections to

domain controllers on the network. You need to ensure that you can log on to the computer. What should you do?

- A. From the DNS snap-in, create a host record for the computer account.
- B. From Active Directory Users and Computers, reset the computer account.
- C. From System Properties, join the computer to a workgroup and then join the computer to the domain.
- D. From Active Directory Users and Computers, select Trust computer for delegation for the computer account.

Answer: C

Question: 8

Your network consists of an Active Directory domain. You have an organizational unit (OU) name OU1. You have a user named User1. User1 is located in the Users container. You need to ensure that User1 can to add computer accounts to OU1. What should you do?

- A. Open Active Directory Users and Computers. Right-click OU1 and then click Delegate control.
- B. Open Active Directory Users and Computers. Right-click the Users container and then click Delegate control.
- C. Open Group Policy Management. Link a Group Policy object (GPO) to the domain. Configure the Add workstations to domain user right.
- D. Open Group Policy Management Console. Link a Group Policy object (GPO) to OU1. Configure the Add workstations to domain user right.

Answer: A

Question: 9

Your network consists of an Active Directory domain. You have 12,000 computer accounts located across several organizational units (OU). You create a new OU named OU1. You need to move all computer accounts that have a description of Sales to OU1. Which tools should you use?

- A. dsget.exe and csvde.exe
- B. dsget.exe and dsmove.exe

- C. dsquery.exe and csvde.exe
- D. dsquery.exe and dsmove.exe

Answer: D

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