



SF-040X

(VERITAS Storage Foundation 4.0 Specialist)

Total Questions: 112

Last Updated: Feb 26, 2008

Document version: 8.27.11

Thanks for purchasing techXams' Study Guide,

techXams' SF-040X study guide is a comprehensive compilation of questions and answers that have been developed by our team of certified professionals. In order to prepare for the actual exam, all you need is to study the content of this guide. An average of approximately 10 to 20 hours should be spent to study this guide and you will surely pass your exam. It's our guarantee.

Disclaimer

Neither this guide nor any material in this guide is sponsored, endorsed or affiliated with any of the respective vendor. All trademarks are properties of their respective owners.

Guarantee

If you study this guide properly and still unable to pass the exam, please send us a scanned copy of your official score at: refund@techeXams.ws. We will happily reimburse the cost of this study guide or send you an exchange of study guide of your choice free of cost.

Feedback

If you find any possible improvement, then please do let us know. We are always interested in improving the quality of this product. Feedback can be send at: feedback@techeXams.ws

Copyright

techXams holds the copyright of this material. techXams grants you a limited license to view and study this material, either for personal or commercial use. Unauthorized reproduction or distribution of this material, or any portion thereof, may result in severe civil and criminal penalties, and will be prosecuted to the maximum extent possible under law.

Question: 1

Which two virtual objects are components of a Volume Manager volume? (Choose two.)

- A. VM disk
- B. subdisk
- C. plex
- D. physical disk

Answer: B, C

Question: 2

Which three plex types are valid in Volume Manager? (Choose three.)

- A. complete
- B. partial
- C. log
- D. sparse
- E. partition

Answer: A, C, D

Question: 3

When using Volume Manager, what is considered the correct definition for RAID-5?

- A. Combines mirroring with striping or concatenation where the mirroring occurs below the striping or concatenation in order to mirror each column of the stripe or each chunk of the concatenation
- B. Refers to mirroring where data from one disk is duplicated on another disk to provide redundancy and enable fast recovery.
- C. Refers to simple concatenation or striping where disk space is combined sequentially from two or more disks or striped across two or more disks. RAID-0 does NOT provide data redundancy.
- D. Refers to a striped layout that includes the calculation of parity information and the striping of that parity information across the disks.

Answer: D

Question: 4

Which three are characteristics of a disk group? (Choose three.)

- A. collection of Volume Manager disks
- B. eases the use of resources in a high availability environment
- C. allows Volume Manager objects to span multiple disk groups
- D. represents a management and configuration boundary

2

Answer: A, B, D

Question: 5

Which area of a disk contains headers, configuration information, and other metadata, such as disk

- A. the public region
- B. the private region
- C. the virtual region
- D. the CDS region

such as disk

Answer: B

Question: 6

In this volume layout, each column of disks mirrors each other. This type of layout is called a layered volume mirroring with striping

- A. RAID-1+0
- B. RAID-0+1
- C. RAID-5
- D. RAID-2

ation in order to
his type of layout is
out that combines

Answer: A

Question: 7

What is the virtual collection of ordered collection of

- A. volume
- B. disk
- C. file
- D. disk

structured or

Answer: B

SF-040X Demo Exam